

Core Sampling in Support of the Vadose Zone Transport Field Study

G. V. Last T. G. Caldwell

March 2001



Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC06-76RL01830

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Pacific Northwest National Laboratory Richland, Washington 99352

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Introduction

Soil samples were collected from three boreholes in support of the Vadose Zone Transport Field Study (VZTFS). These samples were collected to determine geotechnical and geochemical characteristics of the field test site before and after a number of water and tracer injection tests. The scope of the VZTFS experiments and the *Sampling and Analysis Plan* for collection of soil cores is presented in the *Detailed Test Plan* (Ward and Gee, 2000). The discussion below presents a detailed account of the core sampling and a description of the geologic materials penetrated by these boreholes.

Sampling Locations

Three of four planned boreholes (Figure 1) were sampled using a hollow-stem auger and splitspoon sampler as described in the sampling and analysis plan (Ward and Gee, 2000). Note however, that the location of borehole S-3 was shifted from the original location to provide temporal data at the same radial distance from the injection well, as borehole S-2. The fourth borehole (S-4) was never completed. However, 3 additional boreholes were sampled at later dates using a cone penetrometer and wireline-sampling tool. The first of these wireline-sampling holes (CP1) is discussed in a report by Bratton and Dickerson¹. Only the boreholes S-1, S-2, and S-3 are discussed here.

The Sampling and Analysis Plan (Ward and Gee, 2000) generally called for continuous splitspoon sampling to a depth of 18 m (59 ft). Subsamples (e.g. individual liners within the sampler) would then be selected from stratigraphic units of interest and submitted for laboratory analyses. Splitspoon samples were actually collected (nearly continuously) from between 4 and 6 m (13-19 ft) in depth, to about 12 m (40 ft) in depth, and at approximately every meter (4 ft) thereafter to a total depth of 17 m (56.5 ft). Table 1 summarizes the pertinent sampling information for each borehole.

Drilling and Sampling Methodology

Each borehole was drilled using a Mobile Drill 61 drill rig and 25 cm (10 in.) OD hollow-stem auger flights. The upper 4 m (13 ft) of each borehole was drilled with a pilot bit inside the hollow-stem auger to keep drill cuttings out. Once the borehole was advanced to the desired sampling interval, the pilot bit was removed, and a 7.6 cm (3 in) ID by 0.6 m (2 ft) long splitspoon sampler was lowered to the bottom of the borehole.

1

¹ Bratton, W. L. and W. C. Dickerson. August 2000. Informal Report "Vadose Zone Transport Field Study, Cone Penetrometer Tests, ERT, Advanced Tensiometer, and Well Installation at the Sisson and Lu Site." ARA Report No. 0099. Applied Research Associates, Inc., Richland, Washington.

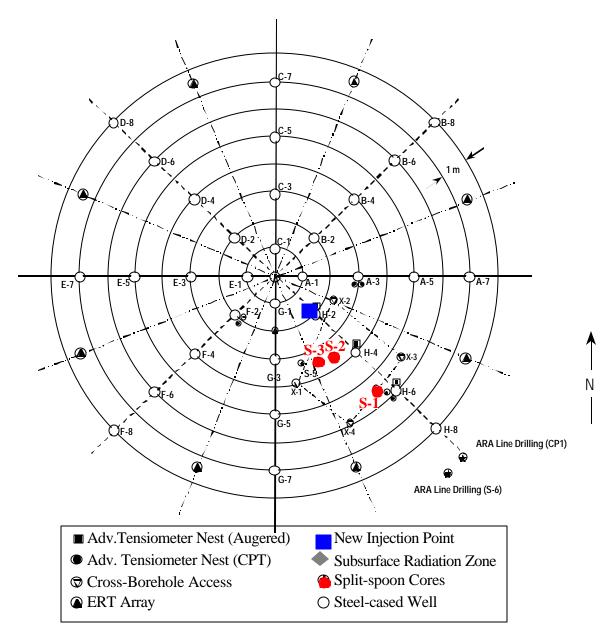


Figure 1. Location of boreholes S-1, -2, and -3 at the Vadose Zone Transport Field Study

Table 1. Soil Sampling, Injection Dates, and Other Pertinent Sampling Information

			Number of
			Sample
Borehole/Injection	Date	Sampled Interval	Collected
S-1	5/30-31/00	5.5 – 12.2 m (18 – 40 ft)	31
First Injection (Water Only)	6/1/00		
Second Injection (Water Only)	6/8/00		
Third Injection (With Tracers)	6/15/00		
Fourth Injection (Water Only))	6/22/00		
Fifth Injection (Water Only)	6/28/00		
S-2	7/6/00	3.9 – 16.3 m (13 – 53.5 ft)	60
S-3	7/10-11/00	4.4 – 17.2 m (14.5 – 56.5 ft)	40

The sampler was then driven into relatively undisturbed materials in front of (i.e., below) the auger flights using a drive hammer weighting up to 227 kg (500 lbs.) (Figure 2). Once the sampler had been driven the length of the sampler, or to refusal, the sampler was withdrawn and taken to the breakdown table for disassembly and subsampling (refer to the following section). However, at times, during difficult retrievals, the sampled materials were not retained by the sampler, and thus not recovered from that particular sampling interval. Once the sampler was retrieved from the borehole, the pilot bit was again lowered into the auger flights and the borehole advanced to the next sampling interval.

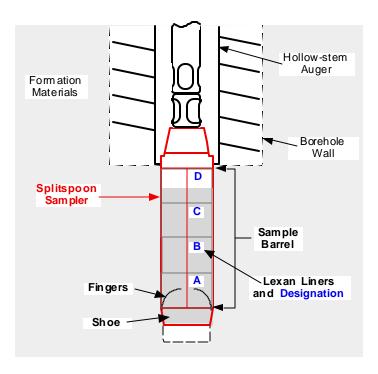


Figure 2. Schematic of Splitspoon Sampling Procedure and Typical Liner Designation

Subsampling Methodology

Once the splitspoon sampler was taken to the breakdown table and disassembled, one half of the sample barrel was removed to expose the four 15 cm (6 in.) long Lexan® core liners and, a cursory inspection was made to evaluate the representativeness and the vertical heterogeneity of the various geologic strata. The most intact and representative core liners were selected for analysis and/or archiving, marked with an up arrow, and labeled in accordance with the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory's (PNNL) procedure PNL-MA-567, DO-2. The selected core liners were carefully removed from the sample barrel in a way that would minimize the loss of material out of the liner. The liners were then capped and transferred to the field laboratory for archiving and further subsampling. Remaining sample was then recapped, sealed and refrigerated.

Each splitspoon sampling run was identified by a unique number, and each sample liner was labeled relative to its position within the splitspoon sampler. For boreholes S-2 and S-3, the bottom most (deepest) liner was designated as "A" and the top most (shallowest) liner designated as "D" (Figure 2), in accordance with procedure PNL-MA-567, DO-2. Note, however, that the liners for borehole S-1 were labeled just opposite to this with "D" being the deepest sample liner and "A" being the shallowest. Each sample was labeled not only with the unique sample and liner number, but also with the borehole number, the depth interval, and the date of sample collection.

Geologic Field Descriptions

Residual sample materials in the sample barrel, and/or shoe were examined and a small aliquot was collected for detailed geologic description in accordance with PNNL procedure PNL-MA-567, DO-1 and ASTM D 2488. These materials generally were disaggregated and lacked any sedimentary structure. However, the sample materials were visually inspected for their grain size, color, moisture, gross mineralogy/lithology, and reaction to hydrochloric acid. Each sample was subjectively assigned to one of nineteen sediment types based on the modified Folk (1974)/Wentworth (1922) classification scheme historically used at the Hanford Site (Figure 3), and described by Fecht, Last, and Marratt (1978). A small aliquot of each material was then placed in a chip tray for future referral. Detailed borehole logs are presented in Appendix A, and a tabulation of the samples collected is provided in Appendix B.

Note that no record was made of the geologic materials penetrated above a depth of 4 m (13 ft). However, the materials penetrated below this depth generally consisted of stratified sand deposits, with variable silt content, and rare pebbles. This is consistent with the third layer (Layer 3) of a sandy sequence described by Reidel and Horton (1999) within the uppermost Hanford formation beneath the southeast portion of 200 East Area.

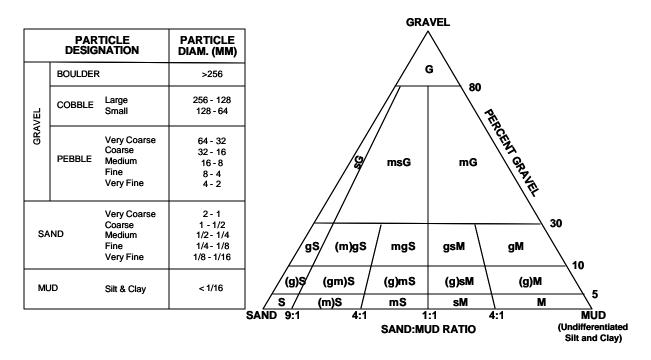


Figure 3. Grain size nomenclature (after Wentworth, 1922) and sediment classification scheme (modified after Folk, 1968) used at the Hanford Site

Limited observation of the sedimentary structures within the splitspoon samples (due to the method of sampling and subsample preservation) suggest that individual beds within this stratified sand sequence may be on the order of 60 cm (2 ft) or less and that in some cases these beds are horizontally laminated and/or fine upward. Correlation of individual beds between the three boreholes is not obvious. Note the high degree of heterogeneity in the fine fraction displayed in Figure 4. However, the materials penetrated by these boreholes can be grouped into several general units briefly described in Table 2.

Borehole Decommissioning

Following the collection of the final sample from each borehole, the boreholes were decommissioned by reversing the augers and backfilling the hole with native sand (from the drill cuttings) and bentonite pellets. The bentonite pellets were strategically placed in two horizons juxtaposed to two siltier horizons encountered at depths of about 6 and 12 m (20 and 38 ft). Appendix A illustrates the borehole construction and decommissioning details for each borehole.

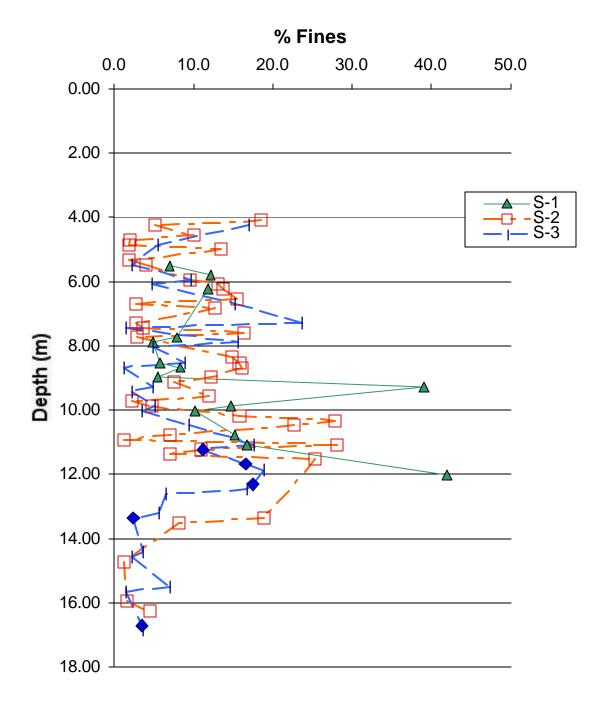


Figure 4. Percent Fine Fraction for Boreholes S-1, S-2, and S-3

Table 2. General Description of Materials Penetrated by Boreholes S-1, -2, and -3

Approximate Depth Range (m/ft)	General Description	Reaction to HCl (per ASTM D 2488)	% Fines Determined in Laboratory
0-4 (0-13 ft)	GRAVELLY SAND? Not sampled.	NA	NA
4-6 (13-20 ft)	SAND. This is a laminated, mostly medium sand with some coarse sand stringers and some upward fining sequences, and generally described as grayish brown in color. The coarse sand stringers exhibit a "salt and pepper" texture due to their abundance of both mafic and felsic grains. Some micas were also noted. The sand is described as clean, ranging from virtually no silt to a trace of silt.	None to Weak	2-19
6-7 (20-22 ft)	SAND to SLIGHTLY SILTY SAND. This is mostly coarse sand with a dark grayish brown color, and exhibiting the same "salt and pepper" texture described above. However, this material contains more silt than above. Some compacted and/or weakly cemented clods that react strongly to HCl were noted in boreholes S-2 and S-3.	None to Strong	3-15
7-8 (22-27 ft)	SAND. This is a laminated, mostly coarse to medium sand with variable silt content. These sands continue to exhibiting "salt and pepper" texture, with some coarse sand laminae, and an overall color of grayish brown to dark grayish brown. Materials near the bottom of this unit exhibit a lighter color with less mafics, and some mica.	None to Weak	1-24
8-9 (27-29 ft)	SAND to SLIGHTLY SILTY SAND. This is mostly medium sand with occasional pebbles (in boreholes S-1 and S-2) and some silt. The overall color is described as dark grayish brown to olive brown. Some weakly cemented clods that react strongly to HCl were identified in borehole S-2.	None to Strong	6-16
9-10 (29-32 ft)	SAND . This is mostly medium to fine sand, with no obvious sedimentary structure or laminations. The overall color is light brownish gray to grayish brown.	None to Weak	1-12
10-12 (32-39 ft)	SAND to SILTY SAND. This material consists of layered sand units ranging from mostly coarse sand with virtually no silt, to slightly silty fine to very fine sand, to silty sand with up to ~40% silt and very fine sand. The material contains some silty laminations as well as an occasional very coarse sand stringer. A micaceous silt lens approximately 5 cm (2 in.) thick was encountered at a depth of 11 m (36 ft), in borehole S-2. Weakly cemented clods that react strongly to HCl were also noted in borehole S-2 near the top of this material. Occasional pebbles were encountered in borehole S-3 at a depth of 11 m (33 ft). The overall color of this material varies from olive brown to light brownish gray to dark grayish brown. Some descriptions suggest the presence of alternating coarse and finer layers with a higher mafic content that the above material.	None to Strong	1-39
12-17 (39-56 ft)	SAND. This material is mostly coarse to medium or coarse to fine sand with very little silt, and a grayish brown coloration. Some laminations are present along with an occasional very coarse sand or siltier sand stringer. A few very fine pebbles were observed near the bottom of borehole S-2.	None to weak	1-19

Laboratory Analyses

Laboratory analyses consisted of water content, percent fine material, and tracer concentration. Samples for analysis were chosen primarily on splitspoon location, with preference being given to inner sleeve samples (B and C cores). Lexan® cores were subsampled in the laboratory and oven dried at 105° C for 24 hrs to determine the gravimetric water content (g_{water}/g_{soil}). Percent fines (silt and clay fraction) were determined by wet sieving through a #270 sieve.

Pre-tracer samples (S-1) were analyzed in a 1:1 soil-to-solution ratio for chloride via ion specific electrode. Minimum detection limits for $C\Gamma$ were <1.0 mg kg_{soil}⁻¹. Post-tracer samples (S-2 and S-3) were also analyzed in a 1:1 soil-to-solution ratio, but for bromide via ion specific electrode. Minimum detection limits for $B\Gamma$ were <0.4 mg kg_{soil}⁻¹. Soil extractions consisted of 20 g of oven dried soil in 20 mL of deionized water. To reduce interference and activity effects, 0.5 mL of ionic strength adjuster (3 M NaNO₃) was added. Samples were shaken for 30 minutes and analyzed immediately. Analytical results for all samples are present in Appendix C.

Samples were also provided to the U.S. Salinity Laboratory, Riverside, California and Lawrence Berkley National Laboratory for additional tracer and hydraulic property analyses, those data will be reported separately.

Discussion

Figure 5 illustrates the water content profiles before and after the injections. These results show that moisture contents increased throughout the 6 to 12 meter depth range, with two primary peaks increasing with time at the 7 and 11-12 m depths. These two primary peaks in moisture content correlate well with interfaces between overlying siltier sand horizons and underlying less silty sand horizons.

Figure 6 shows that the peak of the bromide tracer reached a depth of approximately 11 m (i.e. 6 m below the injection point) 8 days after the final water injection. Bromide concentrations appear to have increased in this silty sand horizon 4 days later, and the major bromide concentration front has migrated another 2 m to the 13-m depth.

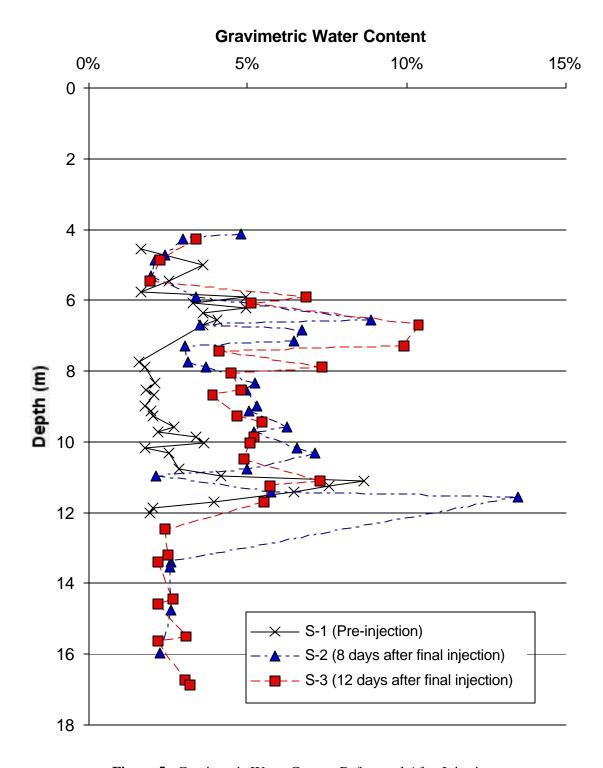


Figure 5. Gravimetric Water Content Before and After Injections

VZTFS - 2 meters

 C/C_o (Br⁻ mg L⁻¹/mg L⁻¹)

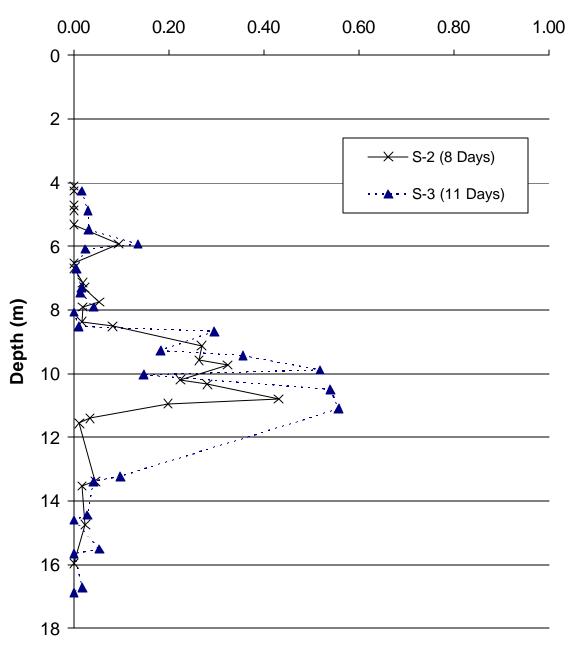


Figure 6. Bromide (tracer) concentration profile for boreholes S-2 and S-3

Summary

Over 130 soil samples were collected from three soil borings in support of the VZFTS. The first boring was sampled just prior to the first injection test. The other two borings were sampled after completion of the injection tests. These soil samples were collected using a 7.6 cm (3 in) ID splitspoon sampler, with internal 15 cm (6 in.) long Lexan® liners. The samples ranged in depth from 4 to 17 m (13.5 to 56.5 ft). Core samples were used to obtain basic characteristics, such as water content, density, and porewater chemistry. Selected samples were submitted to the U.S. Salinity Laboratory, Riverside, California for hydrologic property characterization and to Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory for geochemical analysis.

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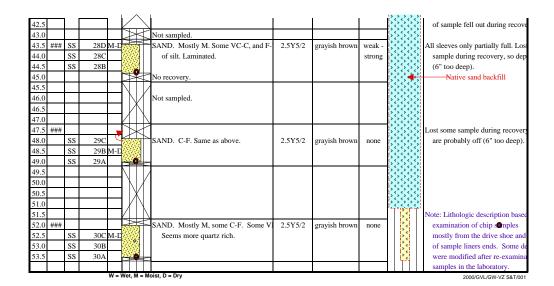
Wentworth, C. K. 1922. "A Grade Scale and Class Terms for Clastic Sediments" in *Journal of Geology*, Vol. 30, p 377-392.

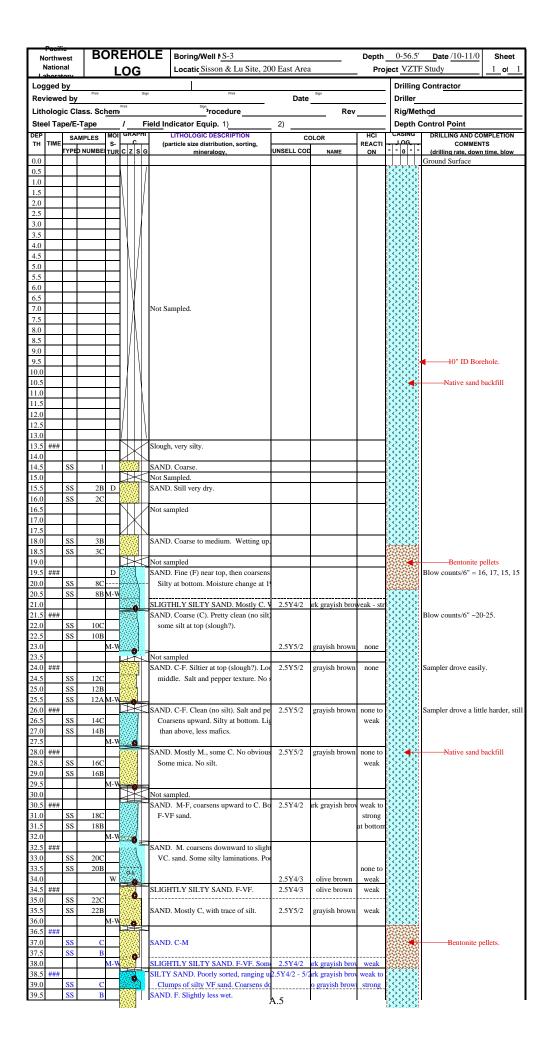
Appendix A

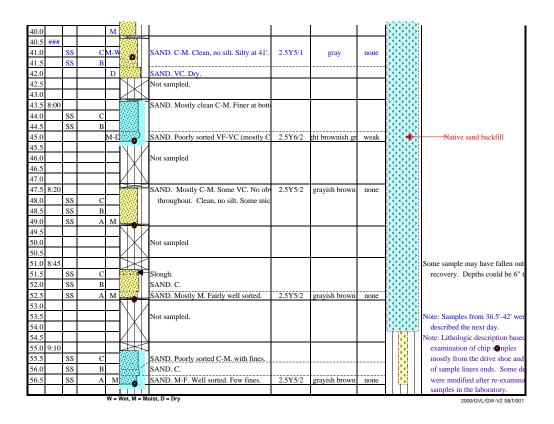
Borehole Logs

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34.5		SS	40D			0	į	nati	ng coarse/fine units. More mafics						
35.0			Not			mpled					Bentonite p	ellets.			
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.0		SS	1B	_			\vdash	Loo	ks horizontally laminated. Trace	İ					
.5	8:00	SS	1A 3D	M-D		0	-	SAND	. Mostly M. Some coarse (C) & I	2.5Y5/2	grayish brown	weak			
.5	0.00	SS	3C	IVI-L			-		inations. Also seems to fine upwa		grayisii biowii	weak	3333		
0		SS	3B				1 -		a. Clean - no silt.				3333		
5		SS	3A			0		1							
0	8:19	SS		M-D			-		. Mostly M-F, some VF. A coarse	2.5Y5/2	grayish brown	weak		Bentonite p	ellets
.5		SS	5C 5B) -	17.5	5'. Some mica.						
.5		SS	5A			-6	_	1					35555		
.0	8:49	SS	7D	M				SAND	. Mostly C. Appears to fine upwa	2.5Y3/2	very dark	none	3333		
.5		SS	7C				[wett	ter. Salt and pepper texture, with		grayish brown		3333		
.0		SS	7B				1 -	Cle	an, no silt.				33333		
.5	9:15	SS	7A 9D	M	100	0	31	CANID	. Mostly coarse. No obvious char	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	none to			
.5	7.13	SS	9C	IVI			۲		ve. Salt and pepper texture. Some		iik grayisii biov	strong	3333		
.0		SS	9B						ented clods, with strong reaction	1		Ü	3333		
.5		SS	9A			_0	4	1					3333		
	9:40	SS	11D	M			\ -	1	. Mostly Coarse. Finer (F-VF) at	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	none	3333		
.5		SS	11D 11B				- 1	and	pepper texture. Clean - no silt.						
.5		SS	11A			0] _	1					3333		
.0	###	SS	13D	M		1	Ť	SAND	. Mostly medium at the bottom.	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	none	333		
5		SS	13C	_			1	26.2	L. At least one coarse lamination						
.0		SS	13B 13A	<u> </u>		_]							
.0	###	SS	15A 15D	M		0	F	SAND	. Mostly medium at the bottom.	2.5Y5/2	grayish brown	weak to		Hard drilling (i.e., lo	ots of blow
.5		SS	15C			ب		(F-V	/F) at 28.2-26.5'. Some pebbles	4		strong			
0.		SS	15B						at 27' (old paleosol?). Some weak				33 33	Native sand l	oackfill
.5	###	SS	15A 17D	M		9	≢	clod	ls. HTLY SILTY SAND. Mostly C-1	2.5Y4/3	olive brown	weel			
.0	π##	SS	17D 17C	IVI	0 0	0			inated. Some pebbles.	2.314/3	OHVE DIOWII	weak- strong			
0		SS	17B				H		Д						
5					Ľ	\neq	\checkmark	No rec							
0	###	SS	19D	M					. Mostly M. Clean, very little silt		grayish brown	none			
.5		SS	19C 19B					ODVI	ious structure. Maybe some slou	1					
.5		SS	19A			0	¥	L		<u> </u>					
.0	###	SS	21D	M			Г		SAND. Mostly C-M. ~15% silt	2.5Y4/3	olive brown	weak to			
.5		SS	21C	<u> </u>				Som	ne weakly cemented clods.			strong			
.0		SS	21B 21A	_		_									
.0	###	SS	23D	M		0	Ī	SAND	. Mostly C, and clean (little silt).	2.5Y6/2	light brownish	none			
5		SS	23C			A			to very fine sand near bottom. So		gray				
0		SS	23B			Į			w it.						
5	шп.	SS	23A			9	≢		is micaceous.	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	weak			-11-4
.0	###	SS	25D 25C	M-W					THLY SILTY SAND. 60% VC-C 0% silt. Seems pretty wet. Some l	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	weak		Bentonite p	ellets.
.0		SS	25B	\vdash		==	H		sand.						
.5		SS	25A			0	L	L		<u> </u>			2000		
0	###				Ŋ	T	V	<u> </u>						Lost sample - no fin	gers.
5						\bigvee	1	Not sa	mpled.						
				_	H	4	X								
0		1	-	 	K	_	1	CANID	500/ C 400/ M 100/ V VE 4	2.53/4/2		weak	3333		
	###	SS	2.7 A	M	_	:0	ш_	SAINI	1. 30% C, 40% NI. 10% V-VF 159	2.314/2	irk gravish brow	weak			
0 5	###	SS	27A	М	1	0	₽	SAND	o. 50% C, 40% M, 10% V-VF, tra	2.5Y4/2	ırk grayish brov	weak			







Appendix B

Sample Lists

Borehole S-1 Samples

Sample	Liner	Dep	th (ft)			Collector's		Reque	ested Analysis (PNNL)
Number	Number*	Тор	Bottom	Recovery (%)	Date Collected	Initials	Comments	Moisture	%Fines	Chloride
24	В	17.5	18		05/29/2000	TGC	First sample, very poor recovery	Х		Х
25	С	18	19.5		05/29/2000	TGC		X	X	Х
26	В	19.5	20		05/30/2000	GVL	Heavier hammer added for split spoon	X	Χ	Х
	С	20	20.5		05/30/2000	GVL		X		X
	D	20.5	21	<100%	05/30/2000	GVL	Not full.	X		Х
27	В	21	21.5		05/30/2000	GVL		X	X	X
	С	21.5	22		05/30/2000	GVL		X		X
	D	22	22.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		X
							Sample taken from B liner. Actual depth uncertain, could be from anywhere within the 23-25' sample interval, but most likely			
29	NA	23	25		05/30/2000	GVL	from near the top of the interval, and likely includes slough.			
32	В	25.5	26		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
	С	26	26.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
34	В	27.5	28		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	С	28	28.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
	D	28.5	29		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
36	В	29.5	30		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	С	30	30.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	D	30.5	31		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
38	В	31.5	32		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	С	32	32.5		05/30/2000	GVL		X		X
	D	32.5	33		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
40	В	33	33.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	С	33.5	34		05/30/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х
	D	34	34.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
42	В	35.5	36		05/30/2000	GVL		X		Х
	С	36	36.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	D	36.5	37		05/30/2000	GVL		X		Х
43	С	37	37.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х
	D	37.5	38		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
45	В	38.5	39		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
	С	39	39.5		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х
	D	39.5	40		05/30/2000	GVL		Х		Х

Note: In general, the C liners provided the best samples. The D liners were generally not full, and the B liners, may contain some slough, and were generally more friable. The A liners were generally considered slough and not collected.

Sample	Liner	Dep	th (ft)	Sample Length			Collector's		Reque	ested Analysis (PNNL)	
Number	Number*	Тор	Bottom	(ft)		Date Collected	Initials	Comments	Moisture	%Fines	Bromide	Laboratory
1	С	13	13.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	
	В	13.5	14	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	X	Salinity Lab
	A	14	14.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
3	D	14.5	15	0.5	90%	07/06/2000	GVL	May contain some slough.		Х		
	С	15	15.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	
	В	15.5	16	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х	
	A	16	16.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL					
5	D	16.5	17	0.5	90%	07/06/2000	GVL	May contain some slough.		Х		
	С	17	17.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х	Salinity La
	В	17.5	18	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
	A	18	18.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
7	D	18.5	19	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
	С	19	19.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	
	В	19.5	20	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
	A	20	20.5	0.5	90%	07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
9	D	20.5	21	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
	С	21	21.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL	Casa has fines assisted sind along the same the	X	Х	Х	
	В	21.5	22	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL	Core has finer grained rind along liner walls.	Х	Х	Х	Salinity Lal
	A	22	22.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL			Х		,
11		22.5	23	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
	С	23	23.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х		
	В	23.5	24	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	Salinity La
	A	24	24.5	0.5	60%	07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
13		24.5	25	0.5	60%	07/06/2000	GVL			Х		
	С	25	25.5	0.5	5575	07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	Salinity La
	В	25.5	26	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X		X	
	A	26	26.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL					
15		26.5	27	0.5	80%	07/06/2000	GVL					
	С	27	27.5	0.5	3070	07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	
	В	27.5	28	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	X	X	Salinity La
	A	28	28.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL			X		
17		28.5	29	0.5	50%	07/06/2000	GVL			~		
	С	29	29.5	0.5	0070	07/06/2000	GVL		Х			
	В	29.5	30	0.5	80%	07/06/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х	
19		30.5	31	0.5	3370	07/06/2000	GVL	May contain some slough.	^	Λ		
	С	31	31.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL	J. J. Marin Goldon	Х	Х	Х	
	В	31.5	32	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	X	X	Salinity La
	A	32	32.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL		^	X	^	Jaminy La
21		32.5	33	0.5	7070	07/06/2000	GVL			Λ		
	С	33	33.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х	
	В	33.5	34	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	X	X	Salinity La
	A	34	34.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL		^	X	^	Jannity La
23		34.5	35	0.5	1070	07/06/2000	GVL			^		
	С	34.5	35.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х	
	В	35.5	36	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		X	X	X	Salinity La
	A A		36.5	0.5	70%		GVL		X	X	X	Sailfilly La
		36	36.5	0.5	50%	07/06/2000	GVL			X		
25		36.5		0.5	50%	07/06/2000	GVL		V		V	Colimitati
	С	37	37.5			07/06/2000			X	X	X	Salinity Lab
	В	37.5 38	38 38.5	0.5 0.5	70%	07/06/2000 07/06/2000	GVL GVL		X	X	X	Salinity Lat

Sample L				Sample Length			Collector's		Neque	ested Analysis (FININE)	
Number Number*	umber*	Тор	Bottom	(ft)		Date Collected	Initials	Comments	Moisture	%Fines	Bromide	Laboratory
27 A		40.5	41	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL	Probably from top of sampling interval. Rest of sample fell out during recovery.				
28 D		43	43.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
С		43.5	44	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL	All cores only partially full. Lost some sample during retrieval, so depths are probably off 6" (too deep).	X	Х	Х	
В		44	44.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	X	
29 C		47.5	48	0.5	50%	07/06/2000	GVL	Last annual design actional and bathanan and abbe 400				
В		48	48.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL	Lost some smple during retrieval, so depths are probably off 6" (too deep).	Х	Х	Х	
А		48.5	49	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL	- (ioo deep).				
30 C		52	52.5	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х	Salinity Lab
В		52.5	53	0.5		07/06/2000	GVL					
A		53	53.5	0.5	70%	07/06/2000	GVL			Х		

				1					Requested Analysis (PNNL)				
Sample Number	Liner Number*	Dep Top	th (ft) Bottom	Sample Length (ft)	Recovery (%)	Date Collected	Collector's Initials	Comments	Moisture	sted Analysis (%Fines	PNNL) Bromide		
	' C	14	14.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC	Only good section of core #1	X	X	Х		
	2 B	15	15.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	С	15.5	16	0.5		07/10/2000	TGC		X	Х	Х		
3	В	17.5	18	0.5		07/10/2000	TGC						
	С	18	18.5	0.5		07/10/2000	TGC		Х	Х	Х		
	3 C	19.5	20	0.5	95%	07/10/2000	GVL	Note change is liner designation, with A being deepest and "D" being shallowest.	Х	×	Х		
	В	20.5	21	0.5	95%	07/10/2000	GVL	3	X	X	X		
10	C	21.5	22	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL						
	В	22	22.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
1:	C	24	24.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		X	X	X		
	В	24.5	25	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		X	X	X		
	Α	25	25.5	0.5	65%	07/10/2000	GVL						
14	1 C	26	26.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
	В	26.5	27	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
10	S C	28	28.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
	В	28.5	29	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		X	Х	Х		
	Α	29	29.5	0.5	70%	07/10/2000	GVL						
18	3 C	30.5	31	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
	В	31	31.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
20	С	32.5	33	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
	В	33	33.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
2	2 C	34.5	35	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	Х	Х		
	В	35	35.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	GVL		Х	X	Х		
NA	С	36.5	37	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC		X	X	X		
	В	37	37.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC		X	X			
NA	С	38.5	39	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC		X	X			
	В	39	39.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC			X			
NA	С	40.5	41	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC			X			
	В	41	41.5	0.5	100%	07/10/2000	TGC			X			
NA	С	43.5	44	0.5	100%	07/11/2000	GVL		X	X	Х		
	В	44	44.5	0.5	100%	07/11/2000	GVL		X	X	Х		
NA	С	47.5	48	0.5	100%	07/11/2000	GVL		X	X	Х		
	В	48	48.5	0.5	100%	07/11/2000	GVL		X	X	Х		
	A	48.5	49	0.5	70%	07/11/2000	GVL						
NA	С	51	51.5	0.5	80%	07/11/2000	GVL		X	X	Х		
	В	51.5	52	0.5	100%	07/11/2000	GVL	Some sample may have fallen out, depths may be 6" too deep.	X	Х	Х		
	Α	52	52.5	0.5	70%	07/11/2000	GVL						

Note: In general, the B & C liners provided the best samples. The A and D liners were generally not full. Also, the D liners may contain some slough.

0.5

0.5

0.5

NA

С

55

55.5

56

55.5

56

56.5

100%

100%

80%

GVL

GVL

GVL

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

07/11/2000

07/11/2000

07/11/2000

Appendix C

Analytical Data

Borehole S-1 Analytical Results

	Analytica		Grav. Water Cont.			
Sample ID	Borehole	(m)	(g g ⁻¹)	(mg kg ⁻¹)	(mg L ⁻¹)	%Fine
S-1/24 (18.5-19)	S-1	5.472	0.0253	1.700	67.19	
S-1/25 (19)	S-1	5.776	0.0165	2.047	124.00	6.89
S-1/26B	S-1	5.928	0.0493	2.113	42.85	12.18
S-1/26C	S-1	6.08	0.0325	2.128	65.48	
S-1/26D	S-1	6.232	0.0493	1.635	33.16	
S-1/27B	S-1	6.384	0.0357	12.161	340.39	11.84
S-1/27C	S-1	6.536	0.0406	2.841	70.03	
S-1/27D	S-1	6.688	0.0358	9.334	260.91	
S-1/32B	S-1	7.752	0.0157	2.141	136.63	
S-1/32C	S-1	7.904	0.0176	5.018	285.20	7.94
S-1/34B	S-1	8.36	0.0208	2.224	107.17	4.90
S-1/34C	S-1	8.512	0.0181	3.815	211.17	
S-1/34D	S-1	8.664	0.0203	1.576	77.52	5.75
S-1/36B	S-1	8.968			155.19	8.39
S-1/36C	S-1	9.12	0.0196		101.76	5.45
S-1/36D	S-1	9.272	0.0200		98.61	
S-1/38B	S-1	9.576	0.0266	2.244	84.50	39.00
S-1/38C	S-1	9.728	0.0214	2.336	109.03	
S-1/38D	S-1	9.88	0.0337	4.518	134.03	
S-1/40B	S-1	10.032	0.0360		69.82	14.79
S-1/40C	S-1	10.184	0.0175		645.15	10.24
S-1/40D	S-1	10.336	0.0252	4.218	167.13	
S-1/42B	S-1	10.792	0.0281	2.701	96.20	
S-1/42C	S-1	10.944	0.0415	2.780	66.93	15.13
S-1/42D	S-1	11.096	0.0865	1.681	19.42	
S-1/43C	S-1	11.248	0.0756	6.364	84.22	16.74
S-1/43D	S-1	11.4	0.0643		54.21	
S-1/45B	S-1	11.704	0.0394	2.169	55.01	
S-1/45C	S-1	11.856	0.0201	2.583	128.72	
S-1/45D	S-1	12.008	0.0193	3.810	197.77	

Borehole S-2 Analytical Results

Borenole 3-2 An	y 5	Depth	Grav. Water Cont.	Bromi	ide	
Sample ID	Borehole	(m)	(g g ⁻¹)	(mg kg ⁻¹)	(mg L ⁻¹)	%Fine
S-2/1C 13'	S-2	4.104	0.0479	0.000	0.000	18.50
S-2/1B 13.5-14	S-2	4.256	0.0294	0.000	0.000	5.15
S-2/1A 14.5-15	S-2	4.56				10.03
S-2/3C 15'	S-2	4.712	0.0238	0.000	0.000	1.94
S-2/3B 15.5'	S-2	4.864	0.0207	0.000	0.000	1.80
S-2/5D 16.5-17	S-2	5.016				13.50
S-2/5C 17-17.5	S-2	5.32	0.0198	0.000	0.000	1.80
S-2/5B	S-2	5.472				3.89
S-2/7C	S-2	5.928	0.0336	3.155	93.950	9.54
S-2/7B	S-2	6.08				13.08
S-2/7A 20-20.5	S-2	6.232				13.71
S-2/9C 20	S-2	6.536	0.0888	0.000	0.000	15.43
S-2/9B 21.5-22	S-2	6.688	0.0351	0.000	0.000	2.70
S-2/9A	S-2	6.84	0.0670			12.76
S-2/11C 23'	S-2	7.144	0.0645	1.196	18.544	
S-2/11B 23.5-24	S-2	7.296	0.0302	0.664	21.934	2.75
S-2/11A 24-24.5	S-2	7.448				3.63
S-2/13D 24.5-25	S-2	7.6				16.48
S-2/13C 25-25.5	S-2	7.752	0.0312	1.688	53.459	2.84
S-2/13B 25.5'	S-2	7.904	0.0371	0.678	18.287	
S-2/15C 27'	S-2	8.36	0.0522	0.862	16.529	14.93
S-2/15B 27.5-28	S-2	8.512	0.0494	4.024	81.423	15.78
S-2/15A 28-28.5	S-2	8.664				16.14
S-2/17C	S-2	8.968	0.0530			12.09
S-2/17B 29.5'	S-2	9.12	0.0502	13.458	268.086	7.59
S-2/19C 31'	S-2	9.576	0.0624	16.383	262.362	12.08
S-2/19B 31.5-32	S-2	9.728	0.0517	16.873	322.113	2.34
S-2/19A 32-32.5	S-2	9.88				4.65
S-2/21C 33'	S-2	10.184	0.0658	14.677	223.160	15.82
S-2/21B 33.5-34	S-2	10.336	0.0711	20.064	279.491	27.74
S-2/21A 34-34.5	S-2	10.488				22.60
S-2/23C 35'	S-2	10.792	0.0500	21.476	429.713	6.98
S-2/23B 35.5-36	S-2	10.944	0.0211	4.169	197.328	1.25
S-2/23A 36-36.5	S-2	11.096				28.17
S-2/25D 36.5-37	S-2	11.248				10.92
S-2/25C 37-37.5	S-2	11.4	0.0574	1.962	33.563	7.00
S-2/25B 37.5-38	S-2	11.552	0.1352	1.507	11.319	25.36
S-2/28C 43.5'	S-2	13.376	0.0259	1.156	44.568	18.80
S-2/28B 44'	S-2	13.528	0.0255	0.439	17.211	8.15
S-2/29B 48'	S-2	14.744	0.0258	0.618	23.986	1.15
S-2/30C 52-52.5	S-2	15.96	0.0224	0.000	0.000	1.70
S-2/30A 53-53.5	S-2	16.264				4.59

Borehole S-3 Analytical Results

Borellole 3-3		Depth	Grav. Water Cont.	Bromide		
Sample ID	Borehole	(m)	(g g ⁻¹)	(mg kg ⁻¹)	(mg L ⁻¹)	%Fine
S-3/14'	S-3	4.256	0.0338	0.56	16.44	16.98
S-3/15.5-16	S-3	4.864	0.0225	0.68	29.66	5.40
S-3/18-18.5	S-3	5.472	0.0191	0.59	30.96	2.34
S-3/19.5-20	S-3	5.928	0.0682	9.13	134.59	9.78
S-3/20-20.5	S-3	6.08	0.0509	1.23	24.31	4.70
S-3/22-22.5	S-3	6.688	0.1038	0.52	5.02	15.22
S-3/24-24.5	S-3	7.296	0.0988	1.60	15.98	23.70
S-3/24.5'	S-3	7.448	0.0410	0.56	13.60	1.50
S-3/26-26.5	S-3	7.904	0.0735	3.03	41.91	15.60
S-3/26.5'	S-3	8.056	0.0447	0.00	0.00	4.84
S-3/28'	S-3	8.512	0.0480	0.47	9.72	9.01
S-3/28.5-29	S-3	8.664	0.0387	11.48	294.40	1.25
S-3/30.5'	S-3	9.272	0.0465	8.48	182.20	4.84
S-3/31'	S-3	9.424	0.0547	19.36	354.18	2.29
S-3/32.5-33	S-3	9.88	0.0519	26.90	515.90	5.19
S-3/33-33.5	S-3	10.032	0.0508	7.40	146.22	3.49
S-3/34.5-35	S-3	10.488	0.0488	26.52	537.79	9.48
S-3/36.5-37	S-3	11.096	0.0727	40.17	554.92	17.61
S-3/37-37.5	S-3	11.248	0.0570			11.26
S-3/38.5-39	S-3	11.704	0.0550			16.64
S-3/39-39.5	S-3	11.856				18.84
S-3/40.5-41	S-3	12.312				17.44
S-3/41-41.5	S-3	12.464	0.0240			16.66
S-3/41.5-42	S-3	12.616				6.57
S-3/43.5'	S-3	13.224	0.0249	2.42	97.31	5.59
S-3/44-44.5	S-3	13.376	0.0215	0.89	41.05	2.40
S-3/47.5-48	S-3	14.44	0.0263	0.75	28.28	3.59
S-3/48'	S-3	14.592	0.0217	0.00	0.00	2.25
S-3/51'	S-3	15.504	0.0305	1.63	53.29	7.00
S-3/51.5'	S-3	15.656	0.0218	0.00	0.00	1.55
S-3/55-55.5	S-3	16.72	0.0302	0.55	17.84	3.54
S-3/55.5'	S-3	16.872	0.0317	0.00	0.00	3.59

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